

APPOLO



STUDY CENTRE

TNPSC GROUP I, II & IIA

SIMPLIFICATION WORK SHEET

BOOK SOURCE SPLIT UP

TITLE	STD	NEW OLD	TERM	Exercise
Simplification	6	NEW	1	1.3
	7	OLD	1	1.1 to 1.8
	7	NEW	1	1.1 to 1.6
	8	OLD	1	1.1, 1.2, 1.3
	8	NEW	1	1.1, 1.2
	9	OLD		2.2
	9	NEW	2	3.2
	10	OLD		3.11
	10	NEW		3.4, 3.5, 3.6
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Important Formula :

1. $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$
2. $(a - b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab$
3. $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$
4. $(a + b)^2 - (a - b)^2 = 4ab$
5. $(a + b + c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + 2(ab + bc + ca)$
6. $a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$
7. $a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$
8. $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$

9. $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}$

18. $a^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$

10. $(a \times b)^n = a^n \times b^n$

19. $(\sqrt[n]{a})^n = (a^{\frac{1}{n}})^n = a$

11. $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$

20. $\sqrt[n]{ab} = \sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b}$

12. $\sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}}$

21. $\sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}} = \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}}$

13. $\sqrt{x} = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

22. $(\sqrt[n]{a})^m = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$

14. $\sqrt[3]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

23. $\sqrt[m]{n\sqrt{a}} = \sqrt[mn]{a}$

15. $\sqrt[n]{x} = x^{\frac{1}{n}}$

24. $(a - b - c)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ab + 2bc - 2ca$

16. $a^0 = 1$ (where $a \neq 0$)

25. $(a + b)^2 + (a - b)^2 = 2(a^2 + b^2)$

17. $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}$

BODMAS Rule :

BODMAS

B Bracket

O of

D Division

M Multiplication

A Addition

S Subtraction

Modulus of a Real number :

Modulus of a real number a is defined as

$$|a| = \begin{cases} a & \text{if } a > 0 \\ -a, & \text{if } a < 0 \end{cases}$$

thus $|7| = 7$; and $|-7| = 7$

26. $a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc = (a + b + c)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc - ca)$

27. $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$

28. $(a - b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$

$x + \frac{1}{x} = a$; then

i. $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = a^2 - 2$

ii. $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = a^3 - 3a$

iii. $x - \frac{1}{x} = \sqrt{a^2 - 4}$

iv. $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = (a^2 - 2)^2 - 2$

v. $x^5 + \frac{1}{x^5} = (a^2 - 2)(a^3 - 3a) - a$

vi. $x^6 + \frac{1}{x^6} = (a^3 - 3a)^2 - 2$

Virnaculum (or) BAR:

When an expression contains virnaculum, before applying the 'BODMAS' Rule, we simplify the expression under the virnaculum.

Level - I

1. $108 \div 36$ of $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{5} \times 3 \frac{1}{4}$

- a. $\frac{3}{4}$ b. $1 \frac{1}{20}$ c. $13 \frac{3}{10}$ d. $12 \frac{13}{10}$

2. $2 - [2 - \{(2 - 2)(2 + 2)\}] = ?$

- a. -4 b. 4 c. 6 d. none of these

3. $\frac{180 \times 15 - 12 \times 20}{140 \times 8 + 2 \times 55} = ?$

- a. $\frac{1}{7}$ b. $\frac{4}{5}$ c. 2 d. 4

4. $5 \frac{5}{6} - 3 \frac{8}{9} - ? = 1$

- a. $\frac{2}{3}$ b. $\frac{3}{2}$ c. $\frac{17}{18}$ d. 3
5. $\frac{3}{5}$ of $\frac{4}{7}$ of $\frac{5}{9}$ of $\frac{21}{24}$ of 504
a. 63 b. 69 c. 96 d. 84
6. Buy how much is three fifth of 350 greater than $\frac{4}{7}$ of 210
a. 90 b. 110 c. 120 d. 210
350 இல் ஐந்து மூன்று பங்கு ஆனது 210 ல் $\frac{4}{7}$ என்பதை விட எவ்வளவு அதிகம்?
a. 90 b. 110 c. 120 d. 210
7. What is the value of $\frac{(P+Q)}{(P-Q)}$ if $\frac{P}{Q} = 7$
a. $\frac{1}{3}$ b. $\frac{2}{3}$ c. $\frac{4}{3}$ d. $\frac{7}{8}$
 $\frac{P}{Q} = 7$ எனில் $\frac{(P+Q)}{(P-Q)}$ ன் மதிப்பு?
a. $\frac{1}{3}$ b. $\frac{2}{3}$ c. $\frac{4}{3}$ d. $\frac{7}{8}$
8. $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{3}$, then the value of $\frac{6a+4b}{6a-5b}$
a. -1 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5
 $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{3}$, எனில் $\frac{6a+4b}{6a-5b}$ ன் மதிப்பு
a. -1 b. 3 c. 4 d. 5
9. $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{5}$ and $\frac{b}{c} = \frac{15}{16}$ then $\frac{c^2-a^2}{c^2+a^2}$ is
a. $\frac{1}{7}$ b. $\frac{7}{25}$ c. $\frac{3}{4}$ d. none of these
 $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{5}; \frac{b}{c} = \frac{15}{16}$ எனில் $\frac{c^2-a^2}{c^2+a^2}$ ன் மதிப்பு?
a. $\frac{1}{7}$ b. $\frac{7}{25}$ c. $\frac{3}{4}$ d. இவற்றில் எதுவுமில்லை
10. $(0.000729)^{-\frac{3}{4}} \times (0.09)^{-\frac{3}{4}}$
a. $\frac{10^3}{3^3}$ b. $\frac{10^5}{3^5}$ c. $\frac{10^2}{3^2}$ d. $\frac{10^6}{3^6}$

Level - II

11. $\sqrt{27} + \sqrt{12} =$
 a. $\sqrt{39}$ b. $5\sqrt{6}$ c. $5\sqrt{3}$ d. $3\sqrt{5}$
12. simplify: $\frac{(561 \times 561) - (31 \times 31)}{530}$
 a. 530 b. 561 c. 31×31 d. 592
 சுருக்குக: $\frac{(561 \times 561) - (31 \times 31)}{530}$
 a. 530 b. 561 c. 31×31 d. 592
13. simplify: $\frac{\sqrt[3]{729} - \sqrt[3]{27}}{\sqrt[3]{512} + \sqrt[3]{343}}$
 a. $\frac{2}{5}$ b. $\frac{6}{20}$ c. $\frac{6}{4}$ d. $\frac{5}{2}$
 சுருக்குக: $\frac{\sqrt[3]{729} - \sqrt[3]{27}}{\sqrt[3]{512} + \sqrt[3]{343}}$
 a. $\frac{2}{5}$ b. $\frac{6}{20}$ c. $\frac{6}{4}$ d. $\frac{5}{2}$
14. If $4x + 5y = 83$; and $\frac{3x}{2y} = \frac{21}{22}$, then $y - x = ?$
 a. 3 b. 4 c. 7 d. 11
 $4x + 5y = 83$ மற்றும் $\frac{3x}{2y} = 2\frac{1}{22}$ எனில் $y - x$ ன் மதிப்பு?
 a. 3 b. 4 c. 7 d. 11
15. $\left(999\frac{1}{7} + 999\frac{2}{7} + 999\frac{3}{7} + 999\frac{4}{7} + 999\frac{5}{7} + 999\frac{6}{7}\right)$ is simplified to
 a. 2997 b. 5979 c. 5994 d. 5997
 சுருக்குக: $\left(999\frac{1}{7} + 999\frac{2}{7} + 999\frac{3}{7} + 999\frac{4}{7} + 999\frac{5}{7} + 999\frac{6}{7}\right)$
 a. 2997 b. 5979 c. 5994 d. 5997
16. When $(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})^2$ is simplified, we get
 a. $4\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{2}$ b. $22 - 4\sqrt{10}$ c. $8 - 4\sqrt{10}$ d. $2\sqrt{10} - 2$
 $(2\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2})^2$ இதன் சுருங்கிய வடிவம்

- a. $4\sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{2}$ b. $22 - 4\sqrt{10}$ c. $8 - 4\sqrt{10}$ d. $2\sqrt{10} - 2$
17. $0.\overline{34} + 0.\overline{34} =$
 a. $0.\overline{687}$ B. $0.\overline{68}$ C. $0.\overline{68}$ d. $0.6\overline{87}$
18. $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$ then find the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$
 a. 23 b. 21 c. 18 d. 29
 $x = \sqrt{5} + 2$ எனில் $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ ன் மதிப்பை காண்க.
 a. 23 b. 21 c. 18 d. 29
19. Simplify: $2\sqrt{72} \times 5\sqrt{32} \times 3\sqrt{50}$
 a. $30\sqrt{115200}$ b. $7200\sqrt{2}$ c. $14400\sqrt{2}$ d. none of these
 சுருக்குக:
 a. $30\sqrt{115200}$ b. $7200\sqrt{2}$ c. $14400\sqrt{2}$ d. இவற்றில் எதுவுமில்லை
20. Simplify: $(7\sqrt{a} - 5\sqrt{b}) (7\sqrt{a} + 5\sqrt{b})$
 a. $7a^2 - 5b^2$ b. $49a - 25b$ c. $49a^2 - 25b^2$ d. $(7\sqrt{a} - 5\sqrt{b})^2$
 சுருக்குக: $(7\sqrt{a} - 5\sqrt{b}) (7\sqrt{a} + 5\sqrt{b})$
 a. $7a^2 - 5b^2$ b. $49a - 25b$ c. $49a^2 - 25b^2$ d. $(7\sqrt{a} - 5\sqrt{b})^2$
21. Simplify: $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}+2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}-2}$
 a. $-2\sqrt{5}$ b. $2\sqrt{5}$ c. $-\sqrt{5}/8$ d. $\sqrt{5}/34$
 சுருக்குக: $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}+2} - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}-2}$
 a. $-2\sqrt{5}$ b. $2\sqrt{5}$ c. $-\sqrt{5}/8$ d. $\sqrt{5}/34$
22. $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2$ then $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$
 a. 8 b. 2 c. 6 d. 4
 $x + \frac{1}{x} = 2$ எனில் $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$ ன் மதிப்பு
 a. 8 b. 2 c. 6 d. 4
23. $\sqrt{24} = 4.899$ the value of $\sqrt[8]{3}$ is

- a. 0.544 b. 1.33 c. 1.633 d. 2.666
24. $y - \frac{1}{y} = 6$ find the value of $y^3 - \frac{1}{y^3}$
 a. 216 b. 222 c. 234 d. 228
 $y - \frac{1}{y} = 6$ எனில் $y^3 - \frac{1}{y^3}$ ன் மதிப்பு
 a. 216 b. 222 c. 234 d. 228
25. simplify: $(147 + \frac{1}{42})^2 - (147 - \frac{1}{42})^2 =$
 a. 7 b. 5 c. 147 d. 14
 சுருக்குக: $(147 + \frac{1}{42})^2 - (147 - \frac{1}{42})^2 =$
 a. 7 b. 5 c. 147 d. 14
- Level - III**
26. find the value of a, b it $\frac{\sqrt{7}-2}{\sqrt{7}+2} = a\sqrt{7} + b$
 a. $a = \frac{4}{3}, b = \frac{11}{3}$ b. $a = -\frac{11}{3}, b = \frac{4}{3}$
 c. $a = -\frac{4}{3}, b = -\frac{11}{3}$ d. $a = -\frac{4}{3}, b = \frac{11}{3}$
 a, b யின் மதிப்பை காண. $\frac{\sqrt{7}-2}{\sqrt{7}+2} = a\sqrt{7} + b$
 a. $a = \frac{4}{3}, b = \frac{11}{3}$ b. $a = -\frac{11}{3}, b = \frac{4}{3}$
 c. $a = -\frac{4}{3}, b = -\frac{11}{3}$ d. $a = -\frac{4}{3}, b = \frac{11}{3}$
27. $\frac{4+\sqrt{5}}{4-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{4-\sqrt{5}}{4+\sqrt{5}} = a + b\sqrt{5}$ find the value of a and b.
 $\frac{4+\sqrt{5}}{4-\sqrt{5}} - \frac{4-\sqrt{5}}{4+\sqrt{5}} = a + b\sqrt{5}$ எனில் a, b ன் மதிப்புகளை காண்க.
 a. $a = 1, b = 0$ b. $a = 0, b = \frac{-16}{11}$
 c. $a = 1, b = \frac{16}{11}$ d. $a = 0, b = \frac{16}{11}$
28. If $x = \sqrt{3} + 1$, find the value of $(x - \frac{2}{x})^2$
 a. $\sqrt{3}$ b. 3 c. 2 d. 4
 $x = \sqrt{3} + 1$ எனில் $(x - \frac{2}{x})^2$ ன் மதிப்பு?

- a. $\sqrt{3}$ b. 3 c. 2 d. 4

29. Simplify: $\frac{x^3 + 8}{x^4 + 4x^2 + 16}$

- a. $\frac{x+2}{x^2+2x+4}$ b. $\frac{x-2}{x^2+2x+4}$ c. $\frac{x+2}{x^2-2x+4}$ d. $\frac{x-2}{x^2-2x+4}$

சுருக்குக: $\frac{x^3 + 8}{x^4 + 4x^2 + 16}$

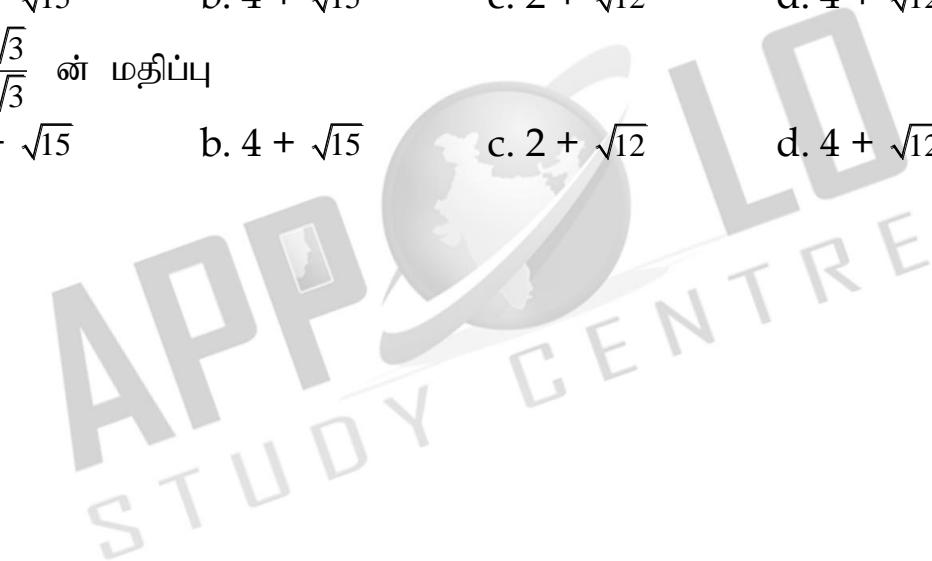
- a. $\frac{x+2}{x^2+2x+4}$ b. $\frac{x-2}{x^2+2x+4}$ c. $\frac{x+2}{x^2-2x+4}$ d. $\frac{x-2}{x^2-2x+4}$

30. Find the value of $\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}$

- a. $3 + \sqrt{15}$ b. $4 + \sqrt{15}$ c. $2 + \sqrt{12}$ d. $4 + \sqrt{12}$

$\frac{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3}}$ ன் மதிப்பு

- a. $3 + \sqrt{15}$ b. $4 + \sqrt{15}$ c. $2 + \sqrt{12}$ d. $4 + \sqrt{12}$



SIMPLIFICATION WORK SHEET – ANSWER

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
C	D	C	C	D	A	C	C	B	D
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
C	D	A	B	D	B	A	C	B	B
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
A	B	C	C	D	D	D	D	A	B