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PARLIAMENTARY FORM OF GOVERNMENT		
விடை / ANSWER		
The parliamentary system of government is the one in which the executive is responsible		
to the legislation for its policies and acts.		
The parliamentary government is also known as		
cabinet government irresponsible government or		
Westminster model of government and is		
prevalent in Britain, Japan, Canada, India		
among others.		
FEATURES OF PARLIAMENTARY FORM OF GIOVERNMENT:		
> Nominal and Real Executives: The Presidentis		
the nominal executive (de jure executive or		
titular executive) while the Prime Minister is		
the real executive (de facto executive). Thus, the		
President is head of the State, while the		
Dine Minister is head of the anyomment.		
→ Majority Party Rule: The political party		
which secures majority seats in the Lok Sabha		
⇒ Majority Party Rule: The political party which Secures majority seats in the Lok Sabha forms the government. The leader of that party is appointed as the Prime Minister by the President; other ministers are appointed by the President on the advice of the Prime		
party is appointed as the Prime Minister by the		
President; other ministers are appointed by		
the President on the advice of the Prime		
Minister However when no Single party gets		
the majority, a coalition of parties may be		
invited by the President to form the		
Minister However when no single party gets the majority, a coalition of parties may be invited by the President to form the government.		
V		



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Q.No.	PRESIDENTIAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT		
விடை / ANSWER			
also	The Presidental Form of Government is known as non-responsible or non-		
parl	rementary or fixed executive system of rement basically built on the principle separation of power, and is prevalent in		
government basically built on the principle			
of separation of power, and is prevalent in			
USH, Brazil, Russia, Sri Janka among others.			
FEATURES OF PRESIDENTIAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT:			
> The American President is both the head			
of the State and the head of government. As			
the head of State, he occupies a Ceremonial			
posi	men, as the head of government, he studes		
MILE.	The Drovidget is elected by an electoral		
call	ne lor a lived tenuer of love upons		
of the State and the head of government. As the head of state, he occupies a Ceremonial position, As the head of government, he leads the executive organ of government.  The President is elected by an electoral college for a fixed tenure of four years. He cannot be removed by the Congress except by impeachment for a grave unconstitutional act.			
by impeachment for a grave unconstitutional			
act			
	> The President governs with the help of		
a cabinet or a smaller body called "kitchen"			
cabinet. It is only an advisory body and consusts			
of non-elected departmental secretaries.			
> The President and his secretaries are			
not responsible to the Congress for their acts.			
They neither possess membership in the			
Congress nor attend its sessions. The President			
cannot dissolve the House of Representatives -			
the	lower house of the Congress.		



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DIFFERENCE BETWEEN PAI	RLIAMENTARY FORM OF
GOVERNMENT AND PRESIT	DENTIAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT
Presidential Form of Government	Parliamentary Form of Government
4 President is directly elected by the people.	
4 President is Supreme 4 Separation of powers.	Legislature is Supreme Legislature is Supreme
4 Independent branches	with overlapping functions.
+ President - head of the State + President - head of	the state  > Prime Minister -
the government.  > Separation of	head of the government.
powers. 4 Independent branches	> Independent branches with overlapping functions
Leadership.	with overlapping functions.  5 Collective leadership.
accountable to Congress.	individual Responsibility